

Latches; The SR Latch, An Application of the SR Latch : A Switch Debouncer. The SR Latch, The Gated SR Latch, The Gated D Latch; Master-Slave Flip-Flops (Pulse-Triggered Flip-Flops); The Master-Slave SR Flip-Flop; The Master-Slave JK Flip-Flop; Edge-Triggered Flip-Flop; The Positive Edge-Triggered D Flip-Flop; Negative Edge-Triggered D flip-flops; Characteristic Equations; Registers; Counters : Binary Ripple Counters, Synchronous Binary Counters, Counters Based on Shift Registers ; Design of Synchronous Counters : Design of a Synchronous Mod-6 Counter Using Clocked JK Flip-Flops, Design of a Synchronous Mod-6 Counter Using Clocked D,T or SR Flip-Flops.Synchronous Sequential NetworksStructure and Operation of Clocked Synchronous Sequential Networks; Analysis of Clocked Synchronous Sequential Networks; Excitation and Output Expressions, Transition Equations, Transition Tables, Excitation Tables, State Tables, State Diagrams Network Terminal Behavior.

The book covers all the aspects of theory, analysis, and design of Electron Devices and Circuits for the undergraduate course. The concepts of p-n junction devices, BJT, JFET, MOSFET, electronic devices including UJT, thyristors, IGBT, Amplifier circuits-BJT, JFET and MOSFET amplifiers, multistage and differential amplifiers, feedback amplifiers, and oscillators are explained comprehensively. The book explains various p-n junction devices, including diode, LED, laser diode, Zener diode, and Zener diode regulator. The different types of rectifiers are explained in support. The book covers the construction, operation, and characteristics of BJT, JFET, MOSFET, UJT, Thyristors – SCR, Diac and Triac, and IGBT. It explains the biasing of BJT, JFET, and MOSFET amplifiers, basic BJT, JFET, and MOSFET amplifiers with h-parameters and r-parameters equivalent circuits, multistage amplifiers, differential amplifiers, BiCMOS amplifier, single tuned amplifiers, neutralization methods, power amplifiers, and frequency response. Finally, the book incorporates a detailed discussion of the analysis of the current series, voltage series, current shunt, and voltage shunt feedback amplifiers. The book also includes the discussion of the Barkhausen criterion for oscillations and the detailed analysis of various oscillator circuits, including RC phase shift, Wien bridge, Hartley, Colpitt's, Clapp, and crystal oscillators. The book uses straightforward and lucid language to explain each topic. The book provides the logical method of describing the various complicated issues and stepwise methods to make understanding easy. The variety of solved examples is the feature of this book. The book explains the subject's philosophy, which makes understanding the concepts evident and makes the subject more interesting.

This updated version of its internationally popular predecessor provides and introductory problem-solved text for understanding fundamental concepts of electronic devices, their design, and their circuitry. Providing an interface with Pspice, the most widely used program in electronics, new key features include a new chapter presenting the basics of switched mode power supplies, thirty-one new examples, and twenty-three PS solved problems.

Electronic Devices and Circuits

Basic Electronics

Theory, Analysis, and Design

Electronic Circuit Analysis

Electrical Machines - I

The comprehensive study of electric, magnetic and combined fields is nothing but electromagnetic engineering. Along with electronics, electromagnetics plays an important role in other branches. The book is structured to cover the key aspects of the course Electromagnetic Field Theory for undergraduate students. The knowledge of vector analysis is the base of electromagnetic engineering. Hence book starts with the discussion of vector analysis. Then it introduces the basic concepts of electrostatics such as Coulomb's law, electric field intensity due to various charge distributions, electric flux, electric flux density, Gauss's law, divergence and divergence theorem. The book continues to explain the concept of elementary work done, conservative property, electric potential and potential difference and the energy in the electrostatic fields. The detailed discussion of current density, continuity equation, boundary conditions and various types of capacitors is also included in the book. The book provides the discussion of Poisson's and Laplace's equations and their use in variety of practical applications. The chapter on magnetostatics incorporates the explanation of Biot-Savart's law, Ampere's circuital law and its applications, concept of curl, Stoke's theorem, scalar and vector magnetic potentials. The book also includes the concept of force on a moving charge, force on differential current element and magnetic boundary conditions. The book covers all the details of Faraday's laws, time varying fields, Maxwell's equations and Poynting theorem. Finally, the book provides the detailed study of uniform plane waves including their propagation in free space, perfect dielectrics, lossy dielectrics and good conductors. The book uses plain, lucid language to explain each topic. The book provides the logical method of explaining the various complicated topics and stepwise methods to make the understanding easy. The variety of solved examples is the feature of this book which helps to inculcate the knowledge of the electromagnetics in the students. Each chapter is well supported with necessary illustrations and self-explanatory diagrams. The book explains the philosophy of the subject which makes the understanding of the concepts very clear and makes the subject more interesting.

The book is written for an undergraduate course on the Modern Control Systems. It provides comprehensive explanation of state variable analysis of linear control systems and analysis of nonlinear control systems. Each chapter starts with the background of the topic. Then it gives the conceptual knowledge about the topic dividing it in various sections and subsections. Each chapter provides the detailed explanation of the topic, practical examples and variety of solved problems. The book explains the philosophy of the subject which makes the understanding of the concepts very clear and makes the subject more interesting. The book starts with explaining the concept of state variable and state model of linear control systems. Then it explains how to obtain the state models of various types of systems using phase variables, canonical variables, Jordan's canonical form and cascade programming. Then the book includes good coverage of the matrix algebra including eigen values, eigen vectors, modal matrix and diagonalization. It also includes the derivation of transfer function of the system from its state model. The book further explains the solution of state equations including the concept of state transition matrix. It also includes the various methods of obtaining the state transition matrix such as Laplace transform method, Power series method, Cayley Hamilton method and Similarity transformation method. It further includes the detailed discussion of controllability and observability of systems. It also provides the discussion of pole placement technique of system design. The book teaches various types of nonlinearities and the nonlinear systems. The book covers the fundamental knowledge of analysis of nonlinear systems using phase plane method, isocline method and delta method. Finally, it explains stability analysis of nonlinear systems and Liapunov's stability analysis.

The book is written for an undergraduate course on Digital Electronics. The book provides basic concepts, procedures and several relevant examples to help the readers to understand the analysis and design of various digital circuits. The book uses plain and lucid language to explain each topic. A large number of design examples with commercially available SSI and MSI chips is the feature of this book. The book begins with the CMOS, TTL and ECL logic families. It teaches you the analysis and design of combinational and sequential circuits using SSI and MSI chips. It provides in-depth information about multiplexers, de-multiplexers, decoders, encoders, priority encoders, devices for arithmetic operations, multipliers, tri-state devices, comparators, parity circuits, various types of flip-flops, counters and registers. It also covers semiconductor memories and programmable logic devices.

Electrical Circuit Theory and Technology is a fully comprehensive text for courses in electrical and electronic principles, circuit theory and electrical technology. The coverage takes students from the fundamentals of the subject, to the completion of a first year degree level course. Thus, this book is ideal for students studying engineering for the first time, and is also suitable for pre-degree vocational courses, especially where progression to higher levels of study is likely. John Bird's approach, based on 700 worked examples supported by over 1000 problems (including answers), is ideal for students of a wide range of abilities, and can be worked through at the student's own pace. Theory is kept to a minimum, placing a firm emphasis on problem-solving skills, and making this a thoroughly practical introduction to these core subjects in the electrical and electronic engineering curriculum. This revised edition includes new material on transients and laplace transforms, with the content carefully matched to typical undergraduate modules. Free Tutor Support Material including full worked solutions to the assessment papers featured in the book will be available at <http://textbooks.elsevier.com/>. Material is only available to lecturers who have adopted the text as an essential purchase. In order to obtain your password to access the material please follow the guidelines in the book.

Electronic Devices And Circuits I

Electronic Circuits

Signals & System Analysis

Control System Engineering

Analog Electronic Circuits