

Ghostriders Of The Anglo Boer War 1899 1902 The Role And Contribution Of Agterryers

Dutch Racism is the first comprehensive study of its kind. The approach is unique, not comparative but relational, in unraveling the legacy of racism in the Netherlands and the (former) colonies. Authors contribute to identifying the complex ways in which racism operates in and beyond the national borders, shaped by European and global influences, and intersecting with other systems of domination. Contrary to common sense beliefs it appears that old-fashioned biological notions of "race" never disappeared. At the same time the Netherlands echoes, if not leads, a wider European trend, where offensive statements about Muslims are an everyday phenomenon. Dutch Racism challenges readers to question what happens when the moral rejection of racism loses ground. The volume captures the layered nature of Dutch racism through a plurality of registers, methods, and disciplinary approaches: from sociology and history to literary analysis, art history and psychoanalysis, all different elements competing for relevance, truth value, and explanatory power. This range of voices and visions offers illuminating insights in the two closely related questions that organize this book: what factors contribute to the complexity of Dutch racism? And why is the concept of racism so intensely contested? The volume will speak to audiences across the humanities and social sciences and can be used as textbook in undergraduate as well as graduate courses. Philomena Essed is professor of Critical Race, Gender and Leadership studies, Antioch University (USA), PhD in Leadership and Change Program. Her books and edited volumes include *Everyday Racism; Understanding Everyday Racism, Race Critical Theories; A Companion to Gender Studies* ("outstanding" 2005 CHOICE award); and, *Clones, Fakes and Posthumans: Cultures of Replication*. Isabel Hoving is diversity officer at the Leiden University and affiliated with the Department of Film and Literary Studies of Leiden University. Her books include *In Praise of New Travellers, Veranderingen van het alledaagse*, and several other volumes on migration, Caribbean literatures, African literature and art. In addition to her academic work, she is an awarded youth writer.

Mpumalanga is known for its spectacular landscapes and its teeming game reserves. It also has an extraordinarily rich and vivid history which has not been previously recognized. The South African province's valued heritage and its contribution to tourism, education, and economic development remain undeveloped. This ground-breaking study ensures that this province's compelling past lives on in the present. Written by some of South Africa's foremost researchers, and richly illustrated with historical and contemporary photographs, the book tells a story that begins with the geological records of the first emergence of life on earth three to five billion years ago and concludes with the dawn of an inclusive democracy in South Africa. Areas covered include geology, archaeology, rock art, traditions of early settlements, frontier conflicts, the South African War, conservation, economic development, the contemporary political struggles in the 20th century, and the significance of all of this in the light of contemporary debates over heritage.

This book contains some 600 entries on a range of topics from ancient Chinese warfare to late 20th-century intervention operations. Designed for a wide variety of users, it encompasses general reviews of aspects of military organization and science, as well as specific wars and conflicts. The book examines naval and air warfare, as well as significant individuals, including commanders, theorists, and war leaders. Each entry includes a listing of additional publications on the topic, accompanied by an article discussing these publications with reference to their particular emphases, strengths, and limitations.

The Journal of Military History

The Anglo-Boer War (1899-1902)

Enduring the South African War

Ghostriders of the Anglo-Boer War (1899-1902)

The Role and Contribution of Agterryers

New Contree

A prevalent view among historians is that both horsed cavalry and the cavalry charge became obviously obsolete in the second half of the nineteenth century in the face of increased infantry and artillery firepower, and that officers of the cavalry clung to both for reasons of prestige and stupidity. It is this view, commonly held but rarely supported by sustained research, that this book challenges. It shows that the achievements of British and Empire cavalry in the First World War, although controversial, are sufficient to contradict the argument that belief in the cavalry was evidence of military incompetence. It offers a case study of how in reality a practical military doctrine for the cavalry was developed and modified over several decades, influenced by wider defence plans and spending, by the experience of combat, by Army politics, and by the rivalries

of senior officers. Debate as to how the cavalry was to adjust its tactics in the face of increased infantry and artillery firepower began in the mid nineteenth century, when the increasing size of armies meant a greater need for mobile troops. The cavalry problem was how to deal with a gap in the evolution of warfare between the mass armies of the later nineteenth century and the motorised firepower of the mid twentieth century, an issue that is closely connected with the origins of the deadlock on the Western Front. Tracing this debate, this book shows how, despite serious attempts to 'learn from history', both European-style wars and colonial wars produced ambiguous or disputed evidence as to the future of cavalry, and doctrine was largely a matter of what appeared practical at the time.

The Oxford Handbook of Music and World Christianities investigates music's role in everyday practice and social history across the diversity of Christian religions and practices around the globe. The volume explores Christian communities in the Americas, Europe, Africa, Asia, and Australia as sites of transmission, transformation, and creation of deeply diverse musical traditions. The book's contributors, while mostly rooted in ethnomusicology, examine Christianities and their musics in methodologically diverse ways, engaging with musical sound and structure, musical and social history, and ethnography of music and musical performance. These broad materials explore five themes: music and missions, music and religious utopias (and other oppositional religious communities), music and conflict, music and transnational flows, and music and everyday life. The volume as a whole, then, approaches Christian groups and their musics as diverse and powerful windows into the way in which music, religious ideas, capital, and power circulate (and change) between places, now and historically. It also tries to take account of the religious self-understandings of these groups, presenting Christian musical practice and exchange as encompassing and negotiating deeply felt and deeply rooted moral and cultural values. Given that the centerpiece of the volume is Christian religious musical practice, the volume reveals the active role music plays in maintaining and changing religious, moral, and cultural values in a long history of intercultural and transnational encounters.

The South African War (1899-1902), also called the Boer War and Anglo-Boer War, began as a conventional conflict. It escalated into a savage irregular war fought between the two Boer republics and a British imperial force that adopted a scorched-earth policy and used concentration camps to break the will of Afrikaner patriots and Boer guerrillas. In *An Imperfect Occupation*, John Boje delves into the agonizing choices faced by Winburg district residents during the British occupation. Afrikaner men fought or evaded combat or collaborated; Afrikaner women fled over the veld or submitted to life in the camps; and black Africans weighed the life or death consequences of taking sides. Boje's sensitive analysis showcases the motives, actions, and reactions of Boers and Africans alike as initial British accommodation gave way to ruthlessness. Challenging notions of Boer unity and homogeneity, Boje illustrates the precarious tightrope of resistance, neutrality, and collaboration walked by people on all sides. He also reveals how the repercussions of the war's transformative effect on Afrikaner identity plays out in today's South Africa. Readable and compassionate, *An Imperfect Occupation* provides a dramatic account of the often overlooked aspects of one of the first "modern" wars.

Direction, Experience and Image

New History of South Africa

The Boer War

History and Heritage

Doctrine and Reform in the British Cavalry 1880-1918

A Short History of South Africa

Issues for Nov. 1957- include section: Accessions. Aanwinste, Sept. 1957-

Südafrika wird im Volksmund als die einflussreichste Nation Afrikas angesehen - als Tor zu einem ganzen Kontinent für Finanzen, Handel und Politik und als entscheidender Vermittler in den Angelegenheiten seiner Nachbarn. Andererseits sind die Träume von Fortschritt und Reformen nach der Apartheid teilweise zu einem Morast aus Korruption, Arbeitslosigkeit und krimineller Gewalt zusammengebrochen. Eine kurze Geschichte Südafrikas ist ein umfassender, aber kurzer Bericht über die Geschichte dieses kompliziertesten und faszinierendsten Landes - vom ersten Beweis der Existenz der Hominiden über die Kriege des 18. und 19. Jahrhunderts, die zur Gründung des modernen Südafrika führten, bis zu den Schrecken der Apartheid und des Optimismus nach dem Zusammenbruch sowie der Perspektiven und Herausforderungen für die Zukunft. Dieses gründliche und leicht zugängliche Buch ist der Höhepunkt einer lebenslangen Forschung und Lehre in einem breiten Spektrum der südafrikanischen Geschichte. Natrass Leidenschaft für ihr Thema zeigt sich darin, dass sie den Leser über unsere frühesten Vorfahren in der Wiege der Menschheit aufklärt oder die turbulenten Prozesse des 20. Jahrhunderts beschreibt, die die Demokratie in Südafrika heute geprägt haben.

Based on many years of research with regard to the Anglo-Boer War, this book is essential reading for anyone who would like to know more about the most devastating conflict that has thus far been waged between white people in Southern Africa. However, with due course, this war also involved more and more black, brown and, to some extent, Asian people.

An Imperfect Occupation

The African Book Publishing Record

Army, Nation and Empire : the 1999 Chief of Army/Australian War Memorial Military History Conference

Journal of Natal and Zulu History

The Battle for the South African Frontier

16 November 1899 to 27 February 1900

Toward the end of the nineteenth century, the British embarked on a concerted series of campaigns in South Africa. Within three years they waged five wars against African states with the intent of destroying their military might and political independence and unifying southern Africa under imperial control. This is the first work to tell the story of this cluster of conflicts as a single whole and to narrate the experiences of the militarily outmatched African societies. Deftly fusing the widely differing European and African perspectives on events, John Laband details the fateful decisions of individual leaders and generals and explores why many Africans chose to join the

British and colonial forces. The Xhosa, Zulu, and other African military cultures are brought to vivid life, showing how varying notions of warrior honor and manliness influenced the outcomes for African fighting men and their societies.

This collection of essays by leading British and South African scholars, looking at the Boer War, focuses on three aspects: how the British Military functioned; the role of the Boers, Afrikaners and Zulus; and the media presentation of the war to the public.

Richard Smith explores the dynamics of race and masculinity to provide historical insight into the First World War and its imperial dimensions, examining the experiences of Jamaicans who served in British regiments.

Race, Masculinity and the Development of National Consciousness

The South African War reappraised

Current Contents

Uyadela Wen'osulapho

The First Boer War, 1880-1881

Historical Dictionary of the Anglo-Boer War

The British amateur military tradition of raising auxiliary forces for home defence long preceded the establishment of a standing army. This was a model that was widely emulated in British colonies. This volume of essays seeks to examine the role of citizen soldiers in Britain and its empire during the Victorian period.

South Africa is popularly perceived as the most influential nation in Africa – a gateway to an entire continent for finance, trade and politics, and a crucial mediator in its neighbours' affairs. On the other hand, post-Apartheid dreams of progress and reform have, in part, collapsed into a morass of corruption, unemployment and criminal violence. A Short History of South Africa is a brief, general account of the history of this most complicated and fascinating country – from the first evidence of hominid existence to the wars of the 18th, 19th and 20th centuries that led to the establishment of modern South Africa, the horrors of Apartheid and the optimism following its collapse, as well as the prospects and challenges for the future. This readable and thorough account, illustrated with maps and photographs, is the culmination of a lifetime of researching and teaching the broad spectrum of South African history. Nattrass's passion for her subject shines through, whether she is elucidating the reader on early humans in the cradle of humankind, or describing the tumultuous twentieth-century processes that shaped the democracy that is South Africa today.

This text brings together contributions from scholars in South African and imperial history to examine the international dimensions of the war, including a historiographical review of a century of writing on the origins of the war.

Dutch Racism

Incorporating Accommodation & Restaurants, Museums, Tour Guide Information

Mpumalanga

1850 - 1918

Essays on the Apocalypse from Antiquity to Modernity

Black Involvement in the Northern Cape During the SA War, 1899-1902

This book takes a unique look at the first Boer war by concentrating on the events and battles of the First Boer War. Due attention is also given to the 2nd Boer War - its origins, key players and significance for the future of South Africa. The personal stories of heroism and sacrifice, sieges, rebellions and battles, make for an enthralling and dramatic tale - a classic of military history that will find a ready audience amongst military enthusiasts.

This study provides students, historians, other academics and scholars, as well as other researchers and anyone interested in the history of the Anglo-Boer War, with as comprehensive a list as possible of all postgraduate studies completed on any conceivable aspect of the war, as well as any other postgraduate studies which refer, to some extent, to the conflict.

'SA is one of the few regions of the world where humans have lived continuously for nearly two million years' - the New History of South Africa offers an account of all these people.-The Weekender

Black Participation in the Anglo-Boer War

The War Diary of Burgher Jack Lane

Soldiers and Settlers in Africa

The Oxford Handbook of Music and World Christianities

Zulu Warriors

Lord Kitchener and the War in South Africa

The centenary commemoration of the Anglo-Boer War starts on 11 October 1999. This particular war remains a topic of great interest, not only to historians, but also to the wider public. Many volumes have been published, analysing the war from every conceivable angle and discussing every battle and incident in great detail. Yet in the vast literature on the war the 'agterryers' (mostly black and coloured men who served as attendants on horseback for Boer fighters) have been relegated to subsections of a few publications. This publication takes a fresh look at the war and especially the contribution of the 'agterryers'.

In 1900 Lord Roberts handed over command in South Africa to Lord Kitchener, convinced that only some 'police work' remained to be done. However, within a fortnight, the war escalated and the new Commander-in-Chief had to make desperate efforts to end the conflict. This new book includes numerous unpublished letters written by or to Kitchener

The Historical Dictionary of the Anglo-Boer War presents the history of the war that lasted from 1899-1902. This is done through a list of acronyms and abbreviations, a chronology, an introductory essay, and 600 cross-referenced dictionary entries covering a wide range of military, social, cultural, and political topics, and includes a large number of relevant biographies.

End of Days

An Overview

A Century of Postgraduate Anglo Boer War (1888-1902) Studies

Africa Quarterly

Kleio

White man's war, black man's war, traumatic war

The idea of the complete annihilation of all life is a powerful and culturally universal concept. As human societies around the globe have produced creation myths, so too have they created narratives concerning the apocalyptic destruction of their worlds. This book explores the idea of the apocalypse and its reception within culture and society, bringing together 17 essays that explore both the influence and innovation of apocalyptic ideas from classical Greek and Roman writings to the foreign policies of today's United States.

The story of a century of conflict and change—from the Second Boer War to the anti-apartheid movement and the many battles in between. Twentieth-century South Africa saw continuous, often rapid, and fundamental socioeconomic and political change. The century started with a brief but total war. Less than ten years later, Britain brought the conquered Boer republics and the Cape and Natal colonies together into the Union of South Africa. The Union Defence Force, later the SADF, was deployed during most of the major wars of the century, as well as a number of internal and regional struggles: the two world wars, Korea, uprising and rebellion on the part of Afrikaner and black nationalists, and industrial unrest. The century ended as it started, with another war. This was a flash point of the Cold War, which embraced more than just the subcontinent and lasted a long thirty years. The outcome included the final withdrawal of foreign troops from southern Africa, the withdrawal of South African forces from Angola and Namibia, and the transfer of political power away from a white elite to a broad-based democracy. This book is the first study of the South African armed forces as an institution and of the complex roles that these forces played in the wars, rebellions, uprisings, and protests of the period. It deals in the first instance with the evolution of South African defense policy, the development of the armed forces, and the people who served in and commanded them. It also places the narrative within the broader national past, to produce a fascinating study of a century in which South Africa was uniquely embroiled in three total wars.

This book revisits some of the most significant guerrilla struggles of the late 19th century, all set in Africa, and remind readers, in light of current events, the difficulties involved in engaging in this type of conflict.

A Tourist Guide to the Anglo Boer War, 1899-1902

Uitgawes Van Die Van Riebeeck-Vereniging

Current contents Arts and Humanities

Reader's Guide to Military History

1899-1902

International Bibliography of Book Reviews of Scholarly Literature Chiefly in the Fields of Arts and Humanities and the Social Sciences