

## Passport Document Requirements

*This Regulation is issued under the authority of DoD Directive 1000. 21, Department of Defense Passport and Passport Agent Services, July 9, 1992. It provides guidance for administration of Passport and Passport Agent Services. It also provides guidance on the preparation of required documents for the acquisition and control of no-fee passport and/or visas necessary for official travel. Finally, it prescribes the use of DD Form 1056 Authorization to Apply for a No-Fee Passport and/or Request for Visa, and DD Form 2600, Report of DoD Passports and Passport Agent Services by all the DoD Components. The Department of State Forms authorized for use by the DoS Passport Agent's Manual are prescribed by this Regulation for use by all the DoD Components. Military passport agents will utilize these forms to fulfill DoS requirements for information needed for processing passports and passport applications. State Department Comprehensive Strategy Needed to Improve Passport Operations DIANE Publishing Visa Requirements of Foreign Governments The Republic of India Passport and Records Agency The Passport in America*

*State Department: Transparent Cost Estimates Needed to Support Passport Execution Fee Decision*

***In 2007, following the implementation of new document requirements for travelers entering the U.S. from within the Western Hemisphere, the Dept. of State (State)***

*received a record number of passport applications. In June 2009 further document requirements are scheduled to go into effect and will likely lead to another surge in passport demand. This report examined: (1) the extent to which State was prepared for the surge in passport demand and how its readiness affected passport operations; (2) State's actions to increase passport production capacity in response to the surge; and (3) State's readiness for near-term surges in demand and its strategy to improve passport operations. Includes recommendations. Charts and tables.*

*Printed form, completed in manuscript, comprising a passport document from the state of Louisiana for travel to the Republic of Texas by the bearer, Hamilton W. Robinson. The form was signed by Edward D. White. The document was issued in the same year that Texas gained its independence from Mexico, but before it was officially recognized by the United States. Robinson was a lawyer investigating a crooked New York banker, Henry Bartow, who had brought the Commercial Bank of Albany to the brink of ruin and then fled to Texas to establish a plantation. He died soon after his arrival, and Robinson was charged with*

***returning his body to New York. Based on a dealer description, as viewed online October 12, 2017.***

***You and your passport***

***Comprehensive Strategy Needed to Improve Passport Operations***

***An 1836 American Passport Document for Travel from Louisiana to Matagorda, Texas***

***The History of a Document***

***Undercover Tests Reveal Significant Vulnerabilities in State's Passport***

***Issuance Process : Report to Congressional Requesters***

***Framework Document***

The passport is one of the most widespread documents in worldwide use and yet, paradoxically, it has no basis in law: one state cannot demand another to do something - give access - simply by issuing a document. Yet, by insisting on the requirement of holding a passport the state has provided itself with a neat self-financing, data collection and surveillance system. This well illustrated book tells, for the first time, the story of the passport, from earliest times to the present day. only do so with the authority of the king or emperor. The passport's power to facilitate passage was, then, embodied in it from the beginning. But the passport is also connected with territorial and population control by the State. Today, the machine readable passport

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enables swift checks against lists of names, enabling customs control to sift out undesirables, and the question of identity cards (used throughout continental Europe) is again an issue in British politics. and revealing the mechanism of the passport system, including the secrets of the machine-readable passport, as well as looking at special diplomatic and royal passports, this book provides an accessible and engaging history of this most widespread of documents. The passport is a document familiar to all, used and recognized worldwide. Yet, how does a passport actually work, and what happens when it doesn't? When was the first passport issued? How can a forged passport be detected, and how did a passport link Lord Palmerston to the attempted assassination of Napoleon III? In this book, Martin Lloyd uses his in-depth experience with H.M. Immigration Service to explore the problems, humour, crime and politics which constitute the history of the passport. The idea of the passport is not new. The Ancient Egyptians were known to have a passport system while, in Roman times, persons travelling on official business were issued with a *Tractorium* (a letter) in the name of the emperor. Yet contrary to the popular idea, passports were often used to prevent not facilitate travel. William the Conqueror allowed no one to enter or leave England without his permission while Henry I and Elizabeth I refused to grant passports to,

respectively, the legate from the Pope and Mary, Queen of Scots. Passports have also enabled murder to take place and saved the lives of many Jews in the Second World War. However, their ultimate role appears to be that of control. When machine-readable passports provide the state with more information on the movement of citizens than at any time in history, many are beginning to ask whether the age of Big Brother has not already arrived. The Passport offers a unique perspective on the intriguing history of this document. Martin Lloyd draws on many years of research, and includes illustrations from his own collection, to create the first book on this subject.

Department and Foreign Service Series  
Hearing Before the Subcommittee on  
Immigration, Border Security, and Claims of  
the Committee on the Judiciary, House of  
Representatives, One Hundred Eighth Congress,  
First Session, May 13, 2003

Passport Conference

The United States Passport

The Development of Its Laws and Constitution

Safety and convenience in crossborder travel

: an analysis of the Western Hemisphere

Travel Initiative

***This publication informs advocates & others in interested agencies & organizations about supplemental security income (SSI) eligibility requirements & processes. It will assist***

***you in helping people apply for, establish eligibility for, & continue to receive SSI benefits for as long as they remain eligible. This publication can also be used as a training manual & as a reference tool. Discusses those who are blind or disabled, living arrangements, overpayments, the appeals process, application process, eligibility requirements, SSI resources, documents you will need when you apply, work incentives, & much more.***

***Travel Document Systems; Passport and Visa Services. This is the site for the latest Travel Information and on-line Visa Applications.***

***A Guide for New Immigrants  
Applying for Them the Easy Way  
The Invention of the Passport  
Information for Passport Applicants  
Passport Conference. Preparatory Documents I-II***

***Passport Agent's Manual***

**The passport is a document used & recognized worldwide, & yet it has no basis in law: one country cannot oblige another to admit its subjects simply by issuing a document. But the state, by insisting on the requirement to hold a**

passport, provides for itself a neat, self-financing data collection & surveillance system. This well-illustrated book tells the story of the passport from its earliest origins to the latest high-tech developments. Handwritten documents adorned with wax seals, modern versions in plastic covers, diplomatic & royal passports & wartime safe conducts complement the exciting exploits of spies & criminals & the tragic real life experiences of refugees. ¿An informative & engrossing history book which is accessible to everyone.¿ Illustrations.

For frequent flyers and armchair travelers alike, this pocket-sized guide to the passports of the world is as informative as it is fun to peruse. This highly entertaining, fact-filled book reproduces the passport covers of every single country that issues its own travel document. It clearly illustrates how varied passports can be, despite the guidelines established by the International Civil Aviation Organization. Arranged by continent, each country's entry includes a full-color reproduction of its passport

cover as well as brief information, including its location on the world map, flag, population, population density, political status, GDP and per capita income, official languages, and visa index. In an increasingly globalized world in which a passport has become one of the most important credentials we possess, this compendium conveys the symbolic power of these documents, and the fascinating stories behind their designs and development. Department and Foreign Service series The History, Nature and Uses of the Internal Passport in the USSR Passports

Passport and Document Signed Also Requirements for Leaving These Countries, Together with a List of Cities in the United States in which Latin American Consulates are Located

...

## The Soviet Passport

*Two handwritten and printed documents signed. Includes a passport for W.S. Appleton, bearing some French and Italian visas (years 1835-1836), and a handwritten and printed document signed issued by the "Delegazione Marittima" in Naples (Italy), dated 30 "aprile" 1836.*

*A genuine U.S. passport permits its owner to travel freely in and out of the U.S., prove U.S. citizenship, obtain*



***further identification documents, and set up bank accounts, among other things. The auditor was asked to proactively test the effectiveness of State's passport issuance process to determine whether the process is vulnerable to fraud. The investigation shows that terrorists or criminals could steal an American citizen's identity, use basic counterfeiting skills to create fraudulent documentation for that identity, and obtain a genuine U.S. passport from the Dept. of State. The auditor conducted 4 tests simulating this approach and was successful in obtaining a genuine U.S. passport in each case.***

***Preparatory Documents***

***The History of Man's Most Traveled Document***

***Welcome to the United States***

***State Department***

***Surveillance, Citizenship and the State***

***The Passport Book***

As early as January 31, 2008, U.S.

citizens will be required to present a passport or other approved document to enter the United States at all ports of entry. The Department of State (State) is developing a "passport card" as a means of establishing U.S. citizenship for individuals crossing U.S. land borders or arriving by sea from Canada, Mexico, the Caribbean, or Bermuda. State proposes to charge \$45 for the card, which would include a \$25 execution fee. Acceptance facilities, including State's passport offices, as well as post offices and state

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courts, execute passport applications on State's behalf, and retain this fee. GAO was asked to examine (1) the factors State considered when setting the proposed fee and (2) how execution cost data were developed. GAO reviewed current laws that authorize the setting of fees and met with State officials to determine how they set the execution fee. GAO also met with officials from State and the U.S. Postal Service (USPS) to discuss acceptance facility execution costs and how these costs were estimated.

In this remarkable book, Albert Baiburin provides the first in-depth study of the development and uses of the passport, or state identity card, in the former Soviet Union. First introduced in 1932, the Soviet passport took on an exceptional range of functions, extending not just to the regulation of movement and control of migrancy but also to the constitution of subjectivity and of social hierarchies based on place of residence, family background, and ethnic origin. While the basic role of the Soviet passport was to certify a person's identity, it assumed a far greater significance in Soviet life. Without it, a person literally 'disappeared' from society. It was impossible to find employment or carry out

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everyday activities like picking up a parcel from the post office; a person could not marry or even officially die without a passport. It was absolutely essential on virtually every occasion when an individual had contact with officialdom because it was always necessary to prove that the individual was the person whom they claimed to be. And since the passport included an indication of the holder's ethnic identity, individuals found themselves accorded a certain rank in a new hierarchy of nationalities where some ethnic categories were 'normal' and others were stigmatized. Passport systems were used by state officials for the deportation of entire population categories - the so-called 'former people', those from the pre-revolutionary elite, and the relations of 'enemies of the people'. But at the same time, passport ownership became the signifier of an acceptable social existence, and the passport itself - the information it contained, the photographs and signatures - became part of the life experience and self-perception of those who possessed it. This meticulously researched and highly original book will be of great interest to students and scholars of Russia and the Soviet Union and to anyone interested in

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the shaping of identity in the modern world.

Past, Present, Future

Jamaica Embassy/Consulate Page; Passports, Visas, Travel Documents

Department of State

Understanding SSI (Supplemental Security Income)

John Allen Muhammad, Document Fraud, and the Western Hemisphere Passport Exception  
Krueger on United States Passport Law

*In today's world of constant identification checks, it's difficult to recall that there was ever a time when "proof of identity" was not a part of everyday life. And as anyone knows who has ever lost a passport, or let one expire on the eve of international travel, the passport has become an indispensable document. But how and why did this form of identification take on such a crucial role? In the first history of the passport in the United States, Craig Robertson offers an illuminating account of how this document, above all others, came to be considered a reliable answer to the question: who are you? Historically, the passport originated as an official letter of introduction addressed to foreign governments on behalf of American travelers, but as Robertson shows, it became entangled in contemporary negotiations over citizenship and other forms of identity documentation. Prior to World War I, passports were not required to cross American borders, and while some people struggled to understand how a passport could*

*accurately identify a person, others took advantage of this new document to advance claims for citizenship. From the strategic use of passport applications by freed slaves and a campaign to allow married women to get passports in their maiden names, to the "passport nuisance" of the 1920s and the contested addition of photographs and other identification technologies on the passport, Robertson sheds new light on issues of individual and national identity in modern U.S. history. In this age of heightened security, especially at international borders, Robertson's *The Passport in America* provides anyone interested in questions of identification and surveillance with a richly detailed, and often surprising, history of this uniquely important document.*

*This book examines the history of the passport and state control of population movement.*

*Also Requirements for Leaving These Countries ...*

*Transparent Cost Estimates Needed to Support Passport Execution Fee Decisions*

*Undercover Tests Reveal Significant Vulnerabilities in States' Passport Issuance Process*

*Documents Required and Visa Fees for Tourists*

*Entering Latin American Republics*

*Foreign Visa Requirements*

*Proposed Western Hemisphere passport rules : impact on trade and tourism*

A genuine U.S. passport is a vital document, permitting owner to travel freely in and out of the United States, prove U.S. citizenship, obtain further identification

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documents, and set up bank accounts, among other things. Unfortunately, a terrorist or other criminal could take advantage of these benefits by fraudulently obtaining a genuine U.S. passport from the Department of State (State). There are many ways that malicious individuals could fraudulently obtain a genuine U.S. passport, including stealing an American citizen's identity and counterfeiting or fraudulently obtaining identification or citizenship documents to meet State requirements. GAO was asked to proactively test the effectiveness of State passport issuance process to determine whether the process is vulnerable to fraud. To do so, GAO designed four test scenarios that simulated the actions of a malicious individual who had access to an American citizen's personal identity information. GAO created counterfeit documents for four fictitious or deceased individuals using off-the-shelf, commercially available hardware, software, and materials. An undercover GAO investigator then applied for passports at three United States Postal Service (USPS) locations and a State-run passport office.

Passport and Passport Agent Services Regulation  
Department of State Publication

The History of Man's Most Travelled Document  
Passport Series

The Passport  
Passport