

Sri Brahma Samhita

According to Vedic tradition, these "Hymns of Brahma" were recited or sung countless millennia ago by the first embodied being, Lord Brahma, just before he created the universe. The book consists of a brief description of Brahma's enlightenment by Lord Sri Krsna, the Supreme Personality of Godhead, followed by Brahma's extraordinarily beautiful prayers elucidating the content of his revelation. Although the whole of the Brahma-samhita has not been located, the fifth chapter stands alone as a short but complete work. Srila Jiva Gosvami has written a commentary "Dig-darsani-tika" which is included.

A Summary Study of Sri Chaitanya-charitamrita Taking the role of His own devotee, Lord Sri Krishna appeared as Sri Krishna Chaitanya about five centuries ago in Bengal, India, and began a great social and spiritual revolution that has profoundly affected the lives of millions worldwide. His conversations with the great scholars, kings, and mystics of the day form the basis of Teachings of Lord Chaitanya.

Renunciation Through Wisdom is a collection of essays originally written in Bengali and

published by Srila Prabhupada in India during the 1940s. They were later translated into English by his disciples. In these essays Srila Prabhupada expands on themes found in the Bhagavad-gita, discussing such topics as why people are averse to God, the ultimate causes of suffering, and how the world's troubles are extraordinarily fleeting when seen from the standpoint of eternity.

Students of Srila Prabhupada will recognize the same common-sense writing style in Renunciation Through Wisdom as in his later, well-known works such as Srimad-Bhagavatam and Bhagavad-gita As It Is, as well as his expertise at distilling the essence of India's ancient Vedic wisdom into powerful, convincing, practical, and easily readable directives.

Stavāvalī

101 HIT BHAJNO KI SWAR-LIPIYA

Brahma-sūtra-bhāṣya of Śrī Śaṅkarācārya

Introduction to Hindu Dharma

Sri Brahma-samhita, Chapter Five with the
Commentary of Srila Jiva Gosvami

Rūpa Cintāmaṇi

We cannot be happy without satisfying our fundamental desire to love. Discover all the intricacies of spiritual love, bhakti, in this devotional classic. This is a summary study of

Bhakti-rasamrita-sindhu, the Vaishnava classic written by Rupa Goswami that analyzes the various stages of bhakti (devotion) as a methodical practice resulting in love of God. Rupa Goswami uses a metaphor comparing an ocean (sindhu) to a devotional relationship with God. The title of the book conveys that loving relationships are enjoyable like sweet nectar and deep like an ocean. However, devotion is truly only meant for the supreme beloved, Krishna. Srila Prabhupada has written this summary study to show the essential understanding of the practices and ideals of Krishna consciousness, and to introduce the Western world to the beauty of devotional concepts. The spiritually thirsty can develop their relationship with Krishna by drinking from the unlimited reservoir of The Nectar of Devotion. Drink deeply.

Authoritative commentary on perhaps the most popular mantra in Asia.

R?pa Cint?ma?i

**The Pastimes of Lord Caitanya Mahaprabhu
Yajurveda Sa?hit?**

Tattva Sandarbha

?r? Lalit?-M?dhava

The Golden Avatar

**With Govinda-Bh??ya Commentary of Baladeva
Vidy?bh??a?a**

Play on Radha and Krishna, Hindu deities.

Hindu canonical text.

"Introduction to Hindu Dharma consists of selections from the more than 4,000 discourses of Kanchi Sankaracharya (1894-1994). It covers the topics of prayer and virtue, metaphysical truth, and the conflict between traditional Hindu dharma and modernity. A sage in the Sankara tradition, the Jagadguru was one of the most beloved and honored spiritual figures of the twentieth century in India and much of Asia and Europe. This book has the distinction of introducing both the sage and his spiritual legacy to the Western world in the form of an irreplaceable introduction to Hinduism."--BOOK JACKET.

The Nectar of Devotion

With the Full Commentary (k) of r la J va Gosv m ... with Foreword, Explanations of r la J va Gosv m 's Commentary, and Purports (t tparya) by r la Bhaktivinoda h kura ...
r Ujjvala-n lama i

Self Realization-Brahma Jnana

By Practice of Supreme Yoga

Brahma Sa hit

Poem on Krishna, Hindu deity; Sanskrit text with English translation.

The perfect gift for seekers, the curious, and the spiritually hungry, The Little Book of Prayers now has a stunning new cover and a more prayer book-like format. Gathered from holy books and prayer books, from songs and spirituals, spoken traditions and poets, it is an

unexpectedly approachable collection of common and uncommon prayers from around the world. The entries, one per page or spread, are chosen for their depth of feeling, beauty of expression, spiritual intensity, and sense of the universal. The book is organized into broad categories of praise, entreaty, contemplation, mourning, and grace; and two indexes—one by authorship, and the other by topic—make it immediately accessible. There are familiar prayers, like the Lord’s Prayer and 23rd Psalm, which, placed in new context, shine with a renewed beauty and wisdom. You’ll find prayers unfamiliar to many in the West, such as the “Opener” from the Koran or the four vows of the Boddhisattva, chanted every evening in Zen monasteries around the world. And the surprising—from the “Prayer of the Unknown Confederate Soldier” to the blues of Lightnin’ Hopkins to the poetry of Rumi. God help us to live slowly: To move simply: To look softly: To allow emptiness: To let the heart create for us. Amen. —Michael Leunig You, whose day it is, make it beautiful. Get out your rainbow colors, so it will be beautiful. —Nootka Song

Stav?val?

Introduction to the P?ñcar?tra and the Ahirbudhnya
Sa?hit?

Illuminations on the Essential Meaning of Gayatri Mantra

Ujjvala N?lama?i

Bhagavad-Gita as it is

Bhakti-tattva-viveka

The Sandarbhas are one of Jīva Gosvāmī's major works. Sandarbha literally means

"stringing together." Baladeva explains, "The wise say a Sandarbha is that which possesses various matters of importance which should be known. Bhāgavatam verses are gathered together (sandṛbhyate)." In this case, it is a literary composition consisting of a series of prose sections mixed with verse mainly from Bhāgavatam. It is in six parts which explain Gauḍīya epistemology, theology and philosophy. Tattva Sandarbha deals with the epistemology, while Bhagavat, Paramātmā and Kṛṣṇa Sandarbhas deal with object of worship (sambandha). Bhakti Sandarbha deals with the process or abhidheya, bhakti, and Prīti Sandarbha deals with the goal or prayojana, prema. Tattva Sandarbha first explains the various pramāṇas or methods of proof and concludes that śabda or scripture is the strongest. Using scriptural proofs, finally Bhāgavatam is concluded to be the best among all scriptures. The second part of Tattva Sandarbha explains prameya--what is proved by Bhāgavatam: Kṛṣṇa as the object of worship, bhakti as the method and prema as the goal. These topics are expanded in the other Sandarbhas.

Sanskrit treatise with English translation expounding the philosophy of Chaitanya school in Vaishnavism.

Treatise on Sanskrit poetics and Vaishnava poetry.

Jaiva-dharma

Sri Brahma-Samhita

Illustrated

Shri Brahma-Samhita

Śrī Brahma-saṁhitā, Fifth Chapter

Teachings of Lord Caitanya

Psalm is a call of the devotee. Between the flowing streams of life's pleasure and sufferings, the human mind naturally connects with the divine. Today every person is distressed, suffering from depression and is running towards spirituality. He wants to the worship to God to touch his inner soul. Be it television channels or some religious event, everywhere the holy hymns are present. This is the reason why people are racing to learn hymns. The author has written the book with the same vision in his mind.

Although there are many types of yoga practice, the Vedic literature explains that no matter which practice you choose, success is only achieved when bhakti is present. What is bhakti-yoga, and how can you add it to your life or your current yoga practice? As bhakti is a pivotal element in any yogic or religious practice, it is known as the topmost yoga. In the Bhagavad-gita, Krishna explains bhakti-yoga to his dear friend Arjuna, and here Srila Prabhupada expands these concepts in this introductory text.

On Hindu spiritual life.

Easy Journey to Other Planets

Krsna Consciousness

Life Comes from Life

Śrī Kṛṣṇa-sandarbhā

The Topmost Yoga System

Sri Gayatri Mantrārtha Dipikā

The Vedānta-sūtra, which consists of aphorisms revealing the method of understanding Vedic knowledge, is the concise form of all Vedic knowledge. The aphorisms or sūtras of Vedānta-sūtra were compiled by Śrīla Vyāsadeva, a powerful incarnation of Śrī Nārāyaṇa. All the authorized and established sampradāyas have their own commentary on Vedānta-sūtra.

However, no one in Gauḍīya Sampradāya has written a commentary on Vedānta-sūtra, until sometimes back, in Jaipur, the Gauḍīyas were challenged that "The Gauḍīya Sampradāya has no commentary on the Vedānta-sūtra." So Baladeva Vidyābhūṣana, with the order of Govindaji at Jaipur, he wrote the commentary on Brahma-sūtra, which is called Govinda-bhāṣya.

From then, it became the commentary on Brahma-sūtra for the Gauḍīya Sampradāya. The philosophy of Sri Chaitanya Mahaprabhu, which amalgamated the views of all the previous Acaryas in His thesis of Acintya-bhedabheda Tattva, is explicitly explained by Sri Baladeva Vidyabhusana in his Govinda Bhasya of the Vedanta-sutra. The Vedānta-sūtra, which is well known among scholars by the following additional names: (1) Brahma-sūtra, (2) Śārīraka, (3) Vyāsa-sūtra, (4) Bādarāyaṇa-sūtra, (5) Uttara-mīmāṃsā and (6) Vedānta-darśana. -

Compiled from lectures, purports, and conversations of Śrīla Prabhupāda, Founder-Ācārya of International Society for Krishna

Consciousness (ISKCON)

A critical look at widely-believed assumptions and theories held by modern scientists about the origin of life. For people who have come to accept every pronouncement of modern scientists as tested and proven truth, this book will be an eye-opener. Life Comes From Life is an impromptu but brilliant critique of some of the dominant policies, theories and presuppositions of modern science and scientists by one of the greatest philosophers and scholars of the twentieth century, His Divine Grace A. C. Bhaktivedanta Swami Prabhupada. Srila Prabhupada's vivid analysis uncovers the hidden and blatantly unfounded assumptions that underlie currently fashionable doctrines about the origins and purpose of life. This book is based on taped morning-walk conversations between Srila Prabhupada and his disciple Thoudam D. Singh, Ph.D., an organic chemist.

Brahma Samhitā

Atharva-Veda Samhitā

The Complete Science of Bhakti-yoga

Sri Brahma Samhita

The Essential Function of the Soul

Siddhanta-Ratnam

A Glossary of Technical Terms in the Commentaries of Śāṅkara, Rāmānuja, and Madhva on the Brahma-sūtras

Sri Chaitanya-charitamṛta is the main work on the life and teachings of Sri Chaitanya Mahaprabhu, the incarnation of Krishna who appeared in India five hundred years ago.

Lord Chaitanya introduced the chanting of the holy names of God as the prescribed method of God-realization for our time. He began what is today called the Hare Krishna movement, since the movement's founder, Srila Prabhupada, comes in the Chaitanya line of spiritual masters. Lord Chaitanya transformed the face of India in four respects: philosophically, by encountering, defeating and converting the greatest philosophers and thinkers of His day; religiously, by organizing the largest, most widespread theistic movement in India's history; socially, by His strong challenges to the religious inequities of the caste system; politically, by His organization of a massive civil disobedience movement in Bengal, more than four centuries before Gandhi. This English translation with commentary, by His Divine Grace A.C. Bhaktivedanta Swami Prabhupada, reveals his consummate Bengali and Sanskrit scholarship, his intimate familiarity with the precepts of Sri Chaitanya, and his pure devotion to God. The Siddhanta-ratnam is a comprehensive exposition of Gaudiya theology and philosophy, matched only by the Sandarbhas of Srila Jiva Gosvami. Quoting extensively from the sruti, smrti, and aptly referring to the six orthodox systems of Indian philosophy, the works of the Gaudiya Acharyas, Madhvacharya, and other Vaisnavas, Vidyabhusana presents a lucid exposition of the Gaudiya thought and mode of worship. Also

remarkable are three chapters fully dedicated to the refutation of M?y?v?da and various other brands of monism, an unparalleled accomplishment among Gaudiya writers. This critical edition has been prepared by consulting a total of 31 different manuscripts collected from all over India, including all published editions. This is possibly the most extensive critical edition ever done on a Gaudiya work, and in this way it was possible to rid the text of countless wrong readings and all the interpolations seen in the previously printed editions. This book includes:1. The original Sanskrit text in Devanagari.2. The original Sanskrit commentary by Vedantavagisa.3. A summary by Bhaktivinoda Thakura (translated into English).4. An English translation of the original text and commentary.5. Hundreds of footnotes glossing technical terms and elucidating some of the arguments.

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P?ñcājanya Ascertaining the Means to the Ultimate Goal of Life Chapter Two --

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-- Nandaka -- Rebuttal of

Impersonalism Chapter Eight -- Padma -- The

Ultimate Goal of Life This publication is part

of the Baladeva Vidyabhusana

Project: www.vidyabhusanaproject.blogspot.com

Ujjvala N?lama?i

The Little Book of Prayers

Sri Brahma-samhita

A Summary Study of ?r?la Vy?sadeva's Sr?mad-

Bh?gavatam, Tenth Canto. Volume One

On Speaking Strongly in Srila Prabhupada's

Service

Translated with a Critical and Exegetical

Commentary by William Dwight Whitney. Revised

and Brought Nearer to Completion and Edited

by Charles Rockwell Lanman

Brahma S?tras

On Speaking Strongly in Srila Prabhupada ' s Service was

written for the perusal of all members of Srila

Prabhupada ' s ISKCON, especially for devotees who feel

impelled to follow Srila Prabhupada ' s example of

preaching Krsna ' s message in a strong, clear, provocative

manner. Speaking Strongly is particularly for those who

maintain Srila Prabhupada ' s vision of ISKCON as a

revolutionary movement with a mission to change society, to

rouse people to think about life ' s important questions, and

to get them to embrace the only permanent solution to

life ' s problems: Krishna consciousness. In Speaking

Strongly, Bhakti Vikasa Swami submits hundreds of quotes

wherein Srila Prabhupada indicates that his followers should

speak strongly for the benefit of the world and not shy away

from embracing the uncompromising, realistic style of sastra,

which presents not vague notions such as " spreading-

love, " but solutions to the undeniable problems of material

existence, and is especially relevant to the disastrous condition of human society today. Taking a holistic and practical approach, Bhakti Vikasa Swami carefully examines the pros and cons of speaking strongly under various circumstances.. Drawing on almost forty years of personal experience, the author discusses issues such as: - Who is qualified to speak strongly? - When should strong speech be used? - Is the strong preacher a fanatic? - Is strong speaking contrary to humility? - When and how should tact be employed? The ultimate merit of *On Speaking Strongly* in Sri Prabhupada's Service is that it reminds the reader of what ISKCON is supposed to be a distinct, vital spiritual movement and offers a philosophical basis from which to help restore ISKCON to its original glory.

A commentary on Bhakti Vikasa Swami's *Brahmastra*.

The *Sri Brahma Samhita*, is a work of Hindu scripture from the 12th century. This translation provides continuity with Vedic tradition, reflecting the words intended by the original author, rather than sectarian interpretation.

Find God Inside You

With Commentaries of Jiva Goswami and Baladeva Vidyabhushana

An Introduction to the *Govinda-Bhasya*

Krishna: The Supreme Personality of Godhead

with the commentary *Dig-darsani-tika* of Sri Jiva Goswami
Renunciation Through Wisdom